## Q1 Please select your preferred option below (please choose only one):



| Answer Choices  | Responses              |
|---|------------------------|
| No increase in the council tax preceptUnder this option, it will not be possible to reinstate any of the previous reductions in neighbourhood policing, or improve the service for the future; in fact, more reductions would be required. It would not be possible to improve visibility and engagement. We have to work hard to deal with crimes affecting the most vulnerable and we need sufficient resilience to deal with the increase in demand in these areas of policing. This means that further officer reductions could only be found from our neighbourhood capability - savings equivalent to 30 police officer posts would still be required. High-impact crime would be dealt with and 999 calls responded to, but the service would inevitably become more reactive. | <b>23.73%</b><br>525   |
| Increase the policing element of council tax by 2% (equating to 8p per week or £4.23 extra per year for a household in a Band D property)This option should enable changes to the local policing model, with improvements in visibility and engagement, working locally to deal with priority neighbourhood problems, improvements in road policing (of benefit to rural and urban communities) and an increase in detective and investigation resources to deliver specialist services to victims of more harmful crimes.  | <b>76.27%</b><br>1,687 |
| Total   | 2,212                  |